**KEYWORDS A1 and A3, CONTINUM scenarios, and Homework activities!**

Search and Seizure PPT/ Dr. Maher

D

1. What rights are protected by the 4th Amendment?
2. What is required for a search to be reasonable (2)?
3. What is a “Free Zone” search?
4. Why are illegal searches prohibited in court?
5. What is (what constitutes) a search?
6. Explain the Exclusionary Rule:
7. By what cases was this established?
8. Explain the Fruit of the Poisonous Tree doctrine:
9. According to the 4th Amendment, what is needed to obtain a warrant:
10. Who issues a warrant? Executes a warrant?
11. How does the 4th Amendment limit searches with a warrant/ what must be included in it?
12. What rules limit consent and explain *Drayton*?
13. Contrast reasonable suspicion and probable cause:
14. What are the limits on police during a stop?
15. Explain the totality of circumstances:
16. Explain *State v. Barber*:
17. What is (what constitutes) a seizure?
18. What is needed for police to make an arrest?
19. What is a stop?
20. What is required to do a stop and search?
21. What are officers looking for in a stop and search?
22. What was decided in *Terry v Ohio* (1968)?
23. Explain searches incident to arrest (*Chimel*):
24. Explain a Plain View search:
25. When can vehicles/ people in vehicles be stopped?
26. When can the passenger area be searched?
27. When can the vehicle be searched?
28. Explain inventory searches:
29. Explain the Hot Pursuit/ Crime in Progress exception:
30. Explain abandoned property searches:
31. Explain the inevitable discovery exception:
32. Explain the good faith exception *(US v. Leon*):

Due Process DVD/ homework videos

1. DVD- What can be used in an interrogation to get info?
2. DVD- What can be done for police protection?
3. DVD- What can be searched without consent?
4. DVD- Explain when Knock and Announce doesn’t apply
5. DVD- Why can officers search trash?
6. What two questions would govern a vehicle search?
7. What about passengers?
8. When might Miranda not be an issue?
9. What are the “six factors” from the video?
10. List some tactics officers use to avoid Miranda:
11. Explain limitations on school searches:

Miranda PPT / Dr. Maher

1. What rights are protected by the 5th Amendment?
2. What did *Miranda v. Arizona* decide?
3. What does it mean to Plead the 5th?
4. For confessions to be valid and admissible in court, what must be true?
5. What are the main phrases when being “read your rights?”
6. When does Miranda apply?
7. What constitutes custody?
8. What constitutes interrogation?
9. Explain how to invoke your Miranda rights:
10. Explain how to waive your Miranda rights:
11. Explain the *Berkemer* decision?
12. Explain how Miranda applies to physical evidence:
13. How can police work around Miranda rights?

**Cumulative**:

1. What are the three components of the Criminal Justice system?
2. Explain the three goals of the Criminal Justice system?
3. What is the difference between substantive and procedural law?
4. Name two differences between a felony and a misdemeanor:
5. Contrast *mala in se* and *mala prohibita* laws:
6. Contrast criminal and civil law:
7. Contrast case law, statutory, and Constitutional Law:
8. What four things happen at an initial appearance/ arraignment?
9. Explain the purpose and types of bail:
10. Relate preliminary hearings, grand jury, and indictments?
11. Explain: motion to suppress
12. What is *actus reus*?
13. What is *mens rea*?
14. Explain concurrence:
15. How is *mens rea* different in First and Second Degree Murder cases:
16. How is Man 1 different from Man 2?
17. Contrast larceny, robbery, and burglary:
18. What is an affirmative defense?
19. Contrast duress and necessity:
20. Contrast embezzlement and entrapment:
21. What are the three lack of capacity defenses?